Older adults across the globe exhibit increased prosocial behavior but also greater in-group preferences

Jo Cutler\textsuperscript{a,b}, Jonas P. Nitschke\textsuperscript{c,d}, Claus Lamm\textsuperscript{c}, Patricia L. Lockwood\textsuperscript{a,b}

\textsuperscript{a) University of Birmingham, b) University of Oxford, c) University of Vienna, d) McGill University

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**Prosocial behaviours – actions that help others**

Older adults are **more** prosocial on experimental tasks, including learning for others\textsuperscript{1}.

Older adults also report **less** support for foreign aid\textsuperscript{2} and are more likely to stereotype outgroups\textsuperscript{3}.

**Are older adults more prosocial everywhere & to everyone?**

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**International Collaboration on the Social and Moral Psychology of COVID-19\textsuperscript{c}:**

- 46,576 participants
- Aged 18 - 99
- 67 countries and territories
- Distancing during COVID-19
- Donations – national & international
- 19 traits – in-group preference factor

**Perceived risk of catching COVID-19**

**Physical health**

**Subjective wealth**

**Country wealth**

**COVID-19 severity**

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**Age predicts greater bias in giving**

- Amount donated (%)
- National donations
- International donations

**In-group preference predicts increased national but decreased international giving**

**Age effects are similar across the world**

- National donations
- International donations

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2. Cutler et al. (2021) Nature Communications
5. Van Bavel et al. (in press) Nature Communications